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## Amendments to the claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## Listing of claims:

Claim 1 (currently amended): A process for forming an in-plane switching mode liquid crystal display (IPS-LCD), comprising steps of:

providing a substrate made of an insulating material;

forming a first conductive layer on a first side of said substrate, and defining a gate conductive structure, and a bus portion of a common electrode;

forming a tri-layer structure consisting of a gate insulation layer, a semiconductor layer, and an etch stopper layer;

defining an etch stopper structure with a portion of said semiconductor layer exposed; forming a highly doped semiconductor layer, and defining a contact via for interconnection to said bus portion of said common electrode;

forming a second conductive layer <u>made of a material selected from a group consisting of indium tin oxide</u>, indium zinc oxide and indium lead oxide, and defining source/drain regions, a data line, a pixel portion of a data electrode, and a pixel portion of said common electrode with said etch stopper structure and said gate insulation layer as a stopper, wherein said pixel portion of said common electrode is interconnected to said bus portion of said common electrode through said contact via; and

forming a passivation layer, and defining a pixel region for exposing said pixel portions of said data and common electrodes.

Claim 2 (currently amended): The process according to claim 1 wherein a storage-capacitor portion of said common electrode is simultaneously defined together with said gate conductive line-structure and said bus portion of said common electrode.

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Claim 3 (original): The process according to claim 2 wherein a storage-capacitor portion of said data electrode is simultaneously defined together with said source/drain regions, said data line, said pixel portions of said data and common electrodes.

Claim 4 (currently amended): The process according to claim 3 wherein a storage capacitor consisting of said storage-capacitor portion of said data electrode and said storage-capacitor portion of said common electrode is disposed between a boundary of said pixel region and said gate conductive linestructure.

Claim 5 (original): The process according to claim 1 wherein said pixel portions of said common and said data electrode structures are both of a comb shape, and arranged opposite to each other with alternate comb teeth.

Claim 6 (original): The process according to claim 1 wherein said first conductive layer is formed of a material selected from a group consisting of chromium, molybdenum, tantalum molybdenum, tungsten molybdenum, tantalum, aluminum, aluminum silicide, copper and a combination thereof.

Claum 7 (currently amended): The process according to claim 1 wherein said gate insulation layer is formed of a material selected from a group consisting of silicon nitride (SiN<sub>x</sub>), silicon oxide (SiO<sub>x</sub>), silicon oxynitride (SiO<sub>x</sub>N<sub>y</sub>) tantalum oxide (TaO<sub>x</sub>), aluminum oxide (AlO<sub>x</sub>), and a combination thereof.

Claim 8 (original): The process according to claim 1 wherein said etch stopper layer is formed of a material selected from a group consisting of silicon nitride (SiN<sub>x</sub>), silicon oxide (SiO<sub>x</sub>) and silicon oxynitride (SiO<sub>x</sub>N<sub>y</sub>).

Claim 9 (original): The process according to claim 1 wherein said semiconductor layer is formed of a material selected from a group consisting of intrinsic amorphous silicon, microcrystalline silicon and polysilicon.

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Claim 10 (original): The process according to claim 1 wherein said doped semiconductor layer is formed of a material selected from a group consisting of highly doped amorphous silicon, highly doped micro-crystalline silicon and highly doped polysilicon.

Claim 11 (canceled)

Claim 12 (original): The process according to claim 1 wherein said passivation layer is formed of a material selected from a group consisting of silicon nitride and silicon oxynitride.

Claim 13 (original): The process according to claim 1 wherein said insulating substrate is a light-transmitting glass.

Claim 14 (original): The process according to claim 1 wherein said second conductive layer is a composite layer including a transparent electrode layer and a metal layer overlying said transparent electrode layer.

Claim 15 (currently amended): The process according to claim 14 wherein a portion of said metal layer in said pixel region is removed after <u>said pixel portion of said data electrode</u> and said pixel portion of said common electrode are exposed.

Claim 16 (original): The process according to claim 15 wherein said metal layer is formed of a material selected from a group consisting of chromium, molybdenum, tantalum molybdenum, tungsten molybdenum, tantalum, aluminum, aluminum silicide, copper and a combination thereof.

Claim 17 (original): The process according to claim 15 wherein said transparent electrode layer is formed of a material selected from a group consisting of indium tin oxide, indium zinc oxide and indium lead oxide.

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Claim 18 (original): The process according to claim 15 wherein said step for defining said etch stopper structure includes sub-steps of:

forming a photoresist layer on said tri-layer structure;

providing an exposing source from a second side of said substrate opposite to said first side by using a remaining portion of said first conductive layer as a shield to obtain an exposed area and an unexposed area; and

removing said photoresist and said etch stopper layer of said exposed area so that the remaining portion of said etch stopper layer in said unexposed area has a specific shape substantially identical to the shape of said remaining portion of said first conductive layer, thereby exposing a portion of said semiconductor layer of said exposed area.

Claim 19 (withdrawn): An in-plane switching mode liquid crystal display (IPS-LCD), comprising:

- a first insulating substrate;
- a second insulating substrate;

liquid crystal molecules sandwiched between said first and second insulating substrates;

- a thin film transistor (TFT) structure disposed on said first insulating substrate;
- a common electrode structure disposed at said first insulating substrate, and including a pixel portion and a storage-capacitor portion;
- a data electrode structure disposed on said first insulating substrate, electrically connected to a source electrode portion of said TFT structure, and including a pixel portion and a storage-capacitor portion; and

a passivation structure overlying said TFT, common electrode and data electrode structures with a pixel aperture exposing said pixel portions of said common and data electrode structures;

wherein a storage capacitor consisting of said storage-capacitor portions of said common and data electrode structures is disposed between a boundary of said pixel aperture and a gate conductive line of said TFT structure.

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Claim 20 (withdrawn): The IPS-LCD according to claim 19 wherein said common electrode structure further includes a bus portion.

Claim 21 (withdrawn): The IPS-LCD according to claim 19 wherein said pixel portions of said common and data electrode structures are formed with the same transparent electrode layer.

Claim 22 (withdrawn): The IPS-LCD according to claim 21 wherein said transparent electrode layer is formed of a material selected from a group consisting of indium tin oxide, indium zinc oxide and indium lead oxide.

Claim 23 (withdrawn): The IPS-LCD according to claim 19 wherein said pixel portions of said common and data electrode structures are formed with the same composite layer consisting of a transparent electrode layer and a metal layer.

Claim 24 (withdrawn): The IPS-LCD according to claim 23 wherein said metal layer is formed of a material selected from a group consisting of chromium, molybdenum, tantalum molybdenum, tungsten molybdenum, tantalum, aluminum, aluminum silicide, copper and a combination thereof.

Claim 25 (withdrawn): The IPS-LCD according to claim 23 wherein said transparent electrode layer is formed of a material selected from a group consisting of indium tin oxide, indium zinc oxide and indium lead oxide.

Claim 26 (withdrawn): The IPS-LCD according to claim 19 wherein said passivation structure is formed of a material selected from a group consisting of silicon nitride and silicon oxymitride.

Claim 27 (withdrawn): The IPS-LCD according to claim 19 wherein said first and second insulating substrates are formed of light-transmitting glass.

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Claim 28 (withdrawn): The IPS-LCD according to claim 19 wherein said pixel portions of said common and said data electrode structures are both of a comb shape, and arranged opposite to each other with alternate comb teeth.